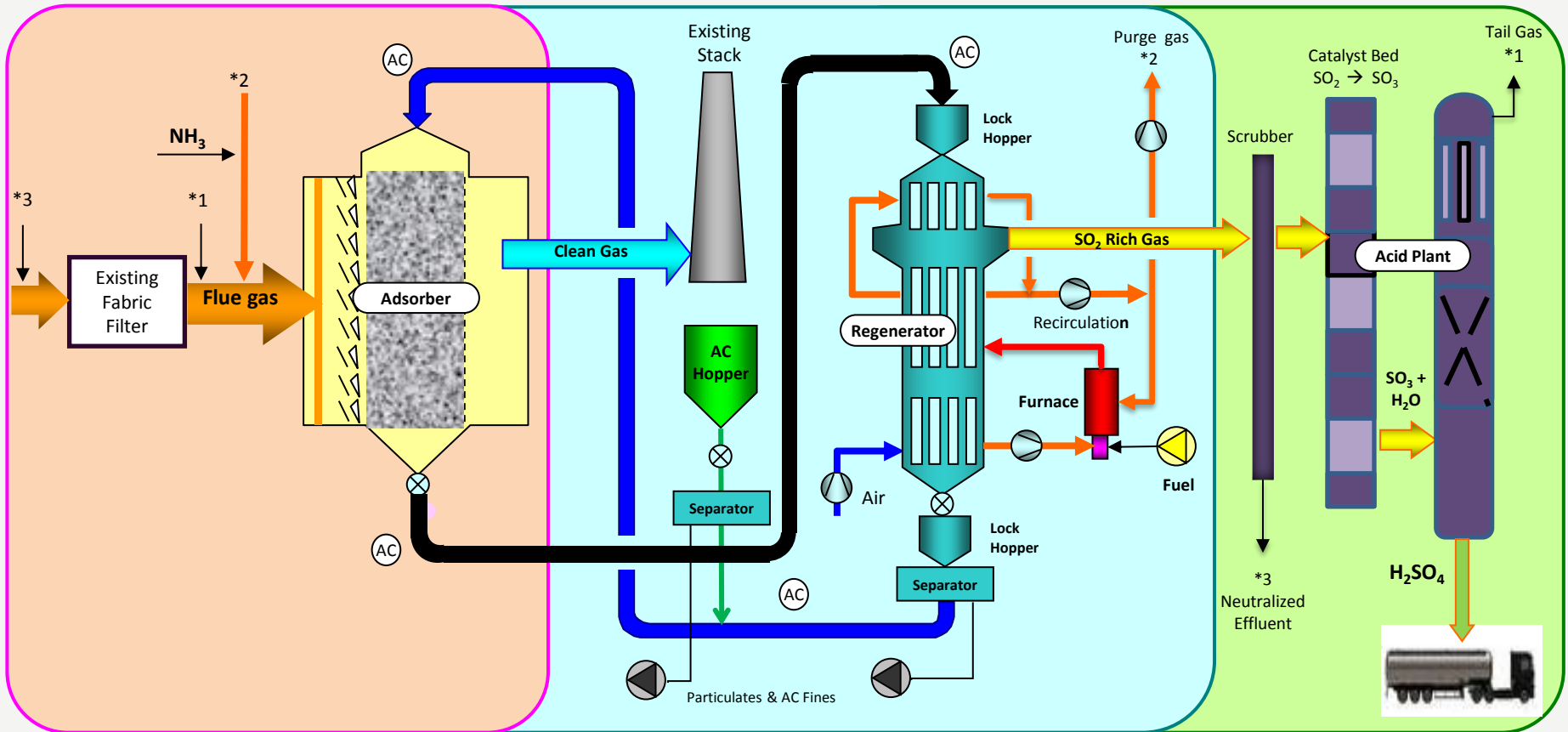
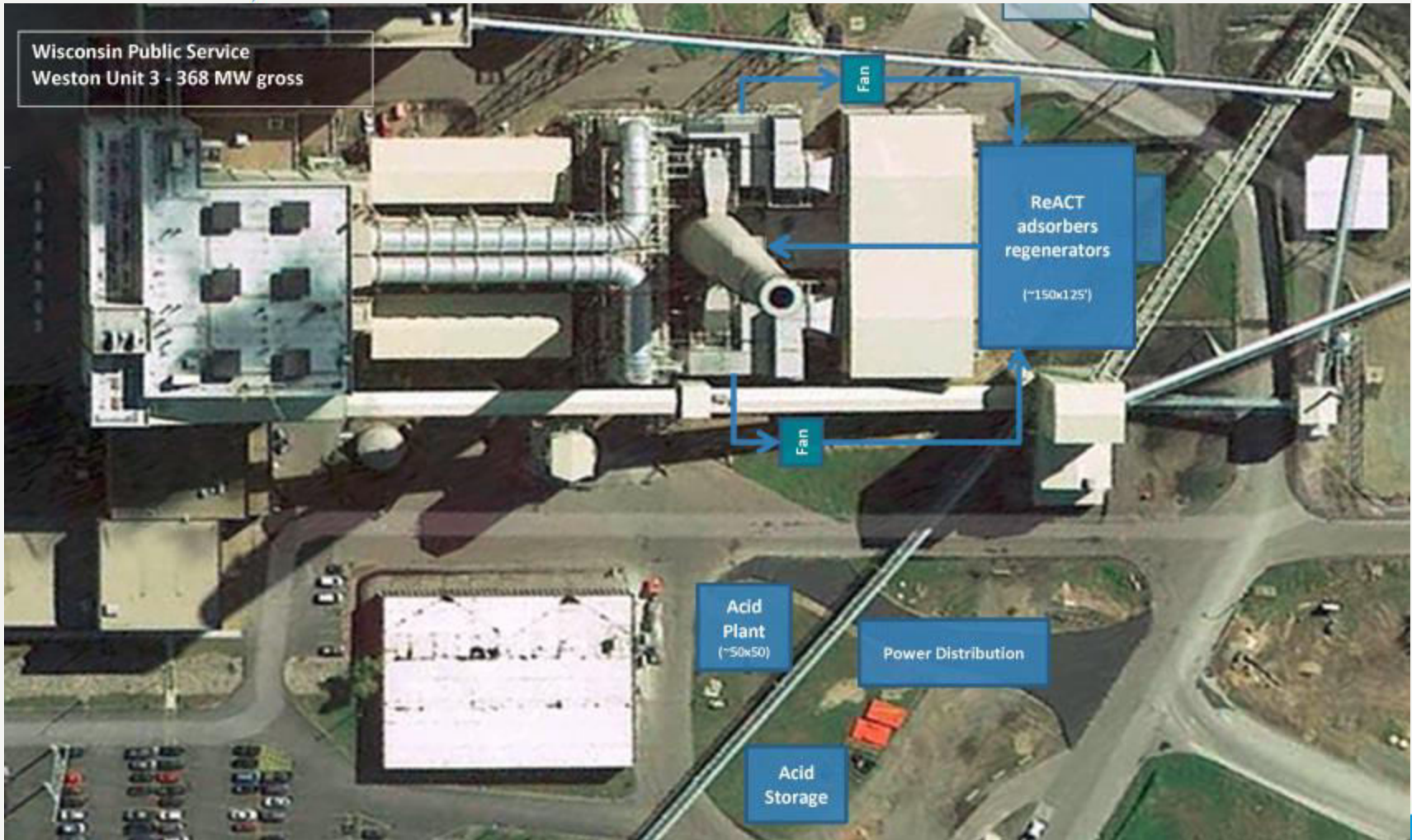


ADSORPTION STAGE

REGENERATION STAGE

BY-PRODUCT RECOVERY STAGE



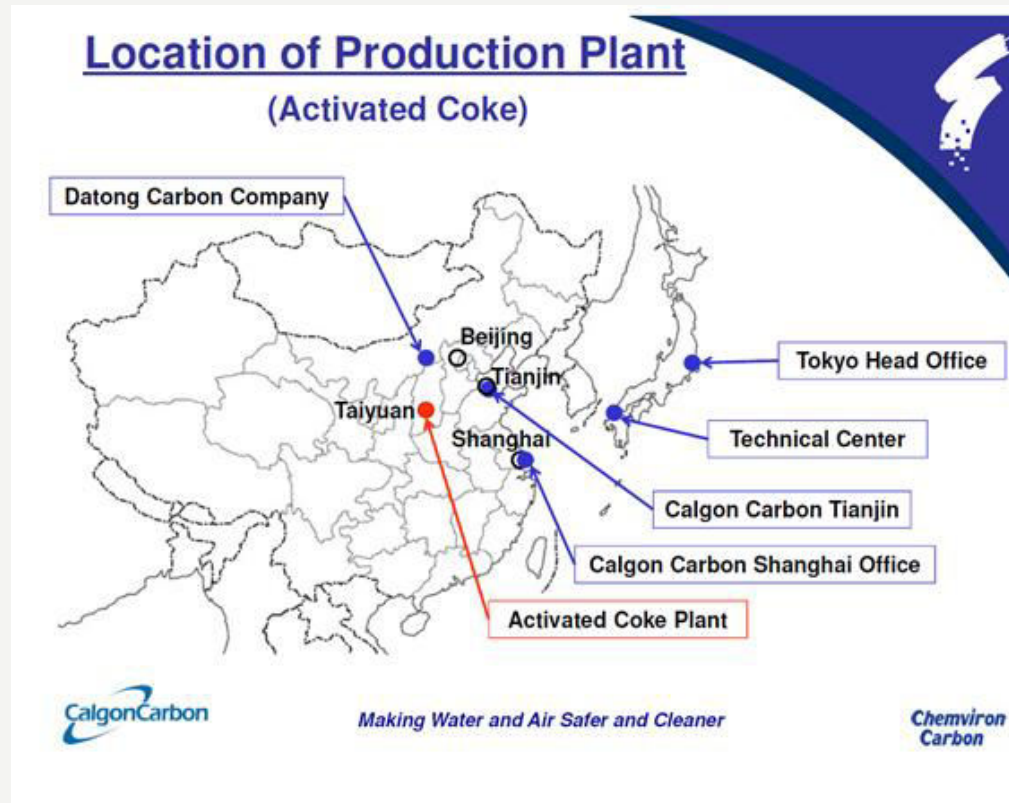


- **Activated coke**
 - Product of steam activation of devolatilized coal – similar to activated carbon
 - Medium-high specific surface carbon with high mechanical strength against abrasion and crashing.
- **In ReACT**
 - For each adsorption/regeneration cycle,
 - Undersized materials are removed, and some carbon is consumed regeneration reactions
 - The pore structure opens and specific surface area increases and surface functional groups are created which improve activity.
 - Make up is added
 - After many cycles, the AC pellet size distribution reaches a steady state, with improved performance.

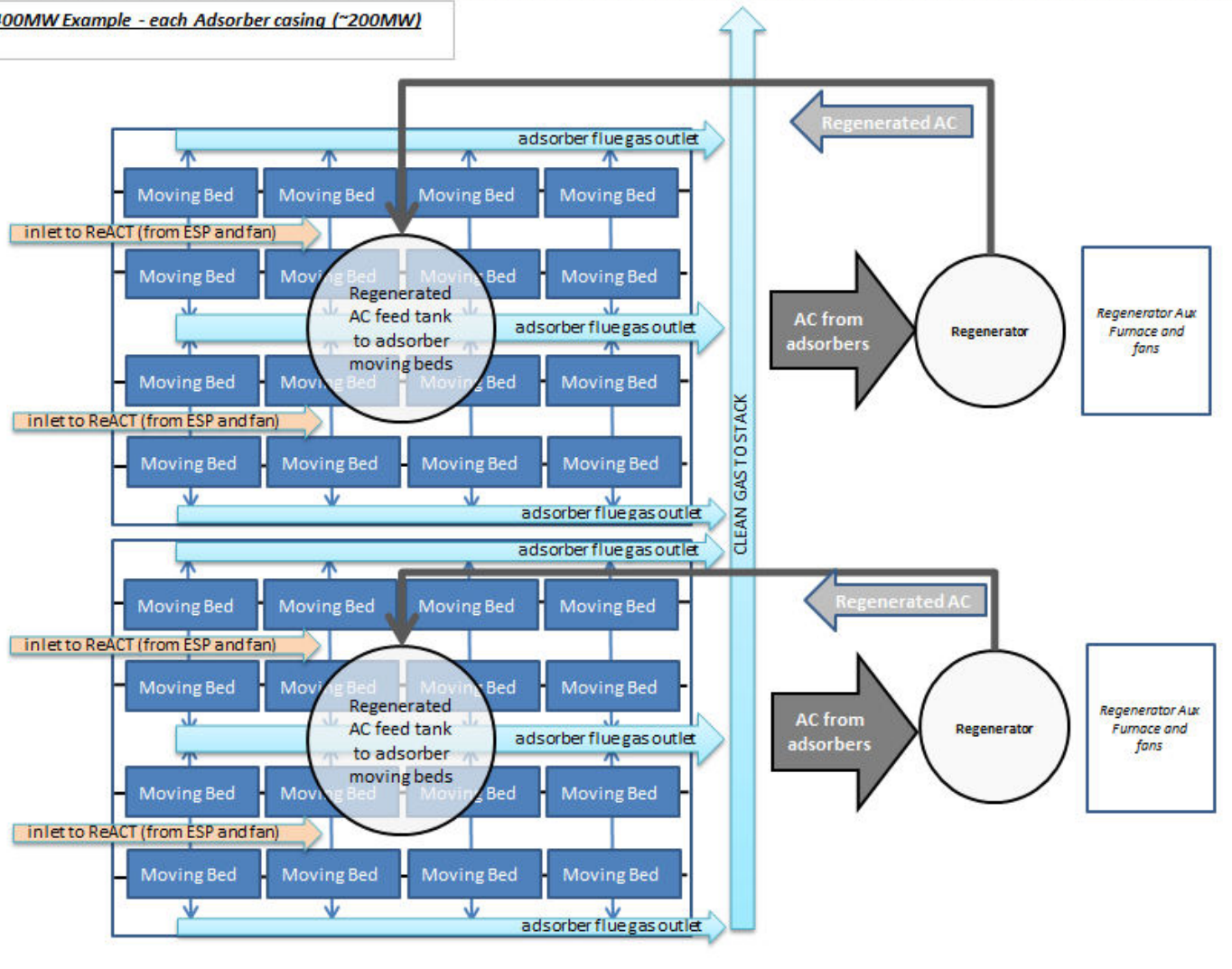
	Activated Coke	Activated Carbon
Shape/Diameter	Tablet / 5-10 mm Almond / 13 x 11 x 8 mm	Tablet / 5-10 mm Powder
Specific Surface Area	150-300m ² /g	1000m ² /g
Roga-Index (Abrasion resistance)	95%	70-85 %
Ignition point (in air)	>716F (>350C)	>482F (>250C)
Raw Material	Coal	Coal and other
Applications	SO _x , NO _x , Hg	Hg



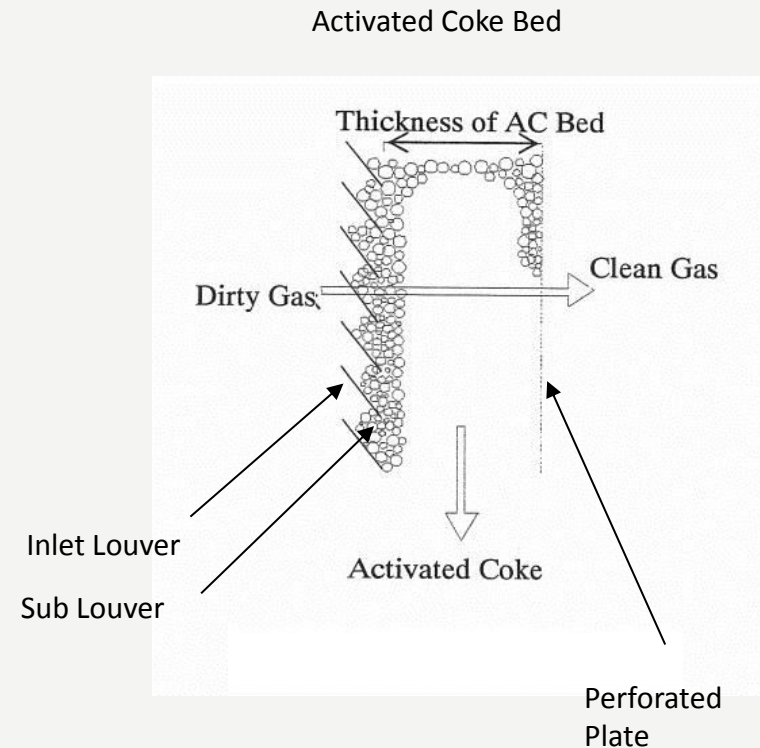
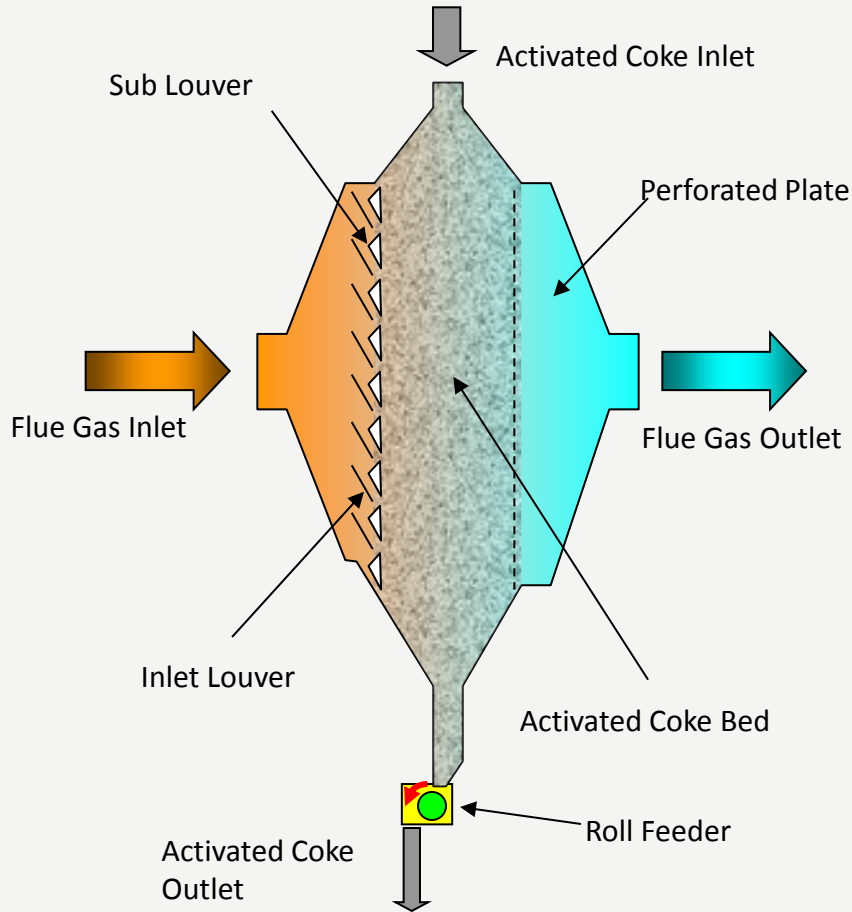
- Primary sources for activated coke are in Asia
 - China (Calgon Carbon and others)
 - Japan (JPower/Mitsui Activated Coke...)
- U.S. manufacturing is under study

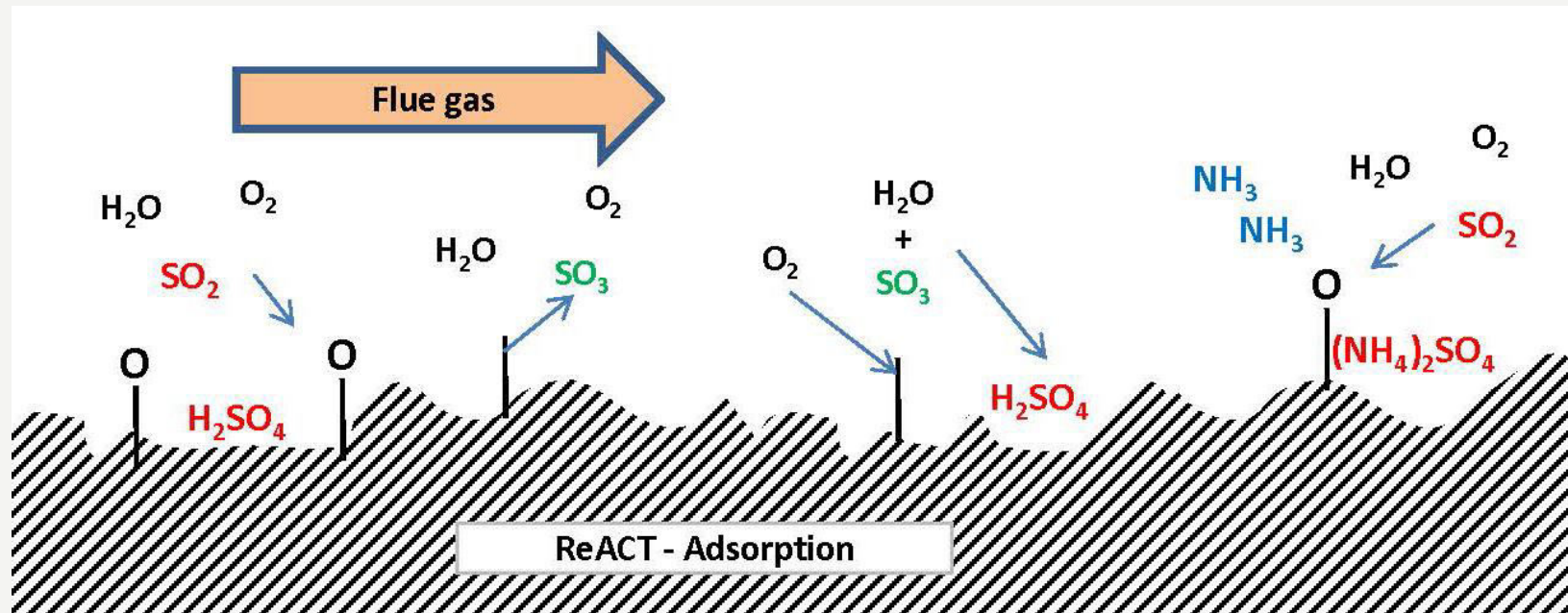


400MW Example - each Adsorber casing (~200MW)

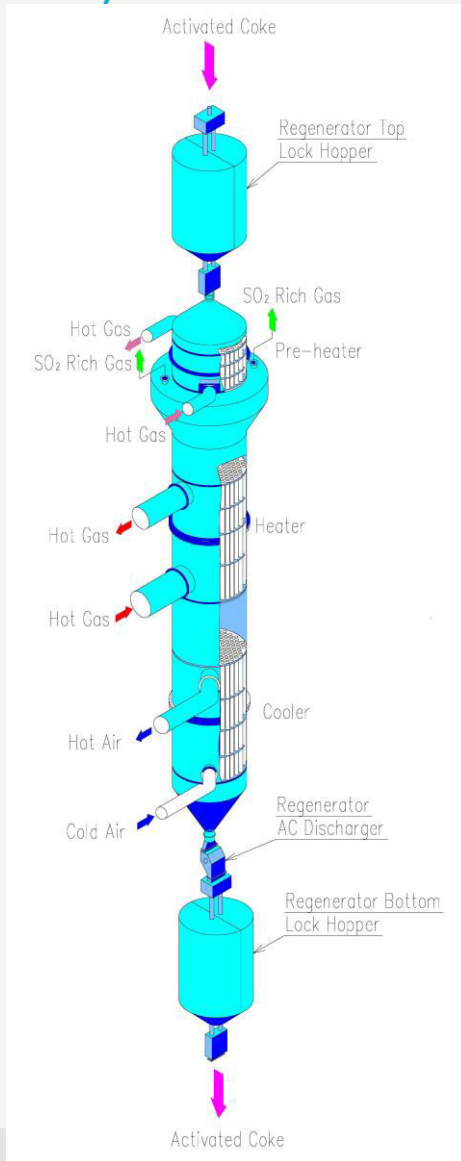


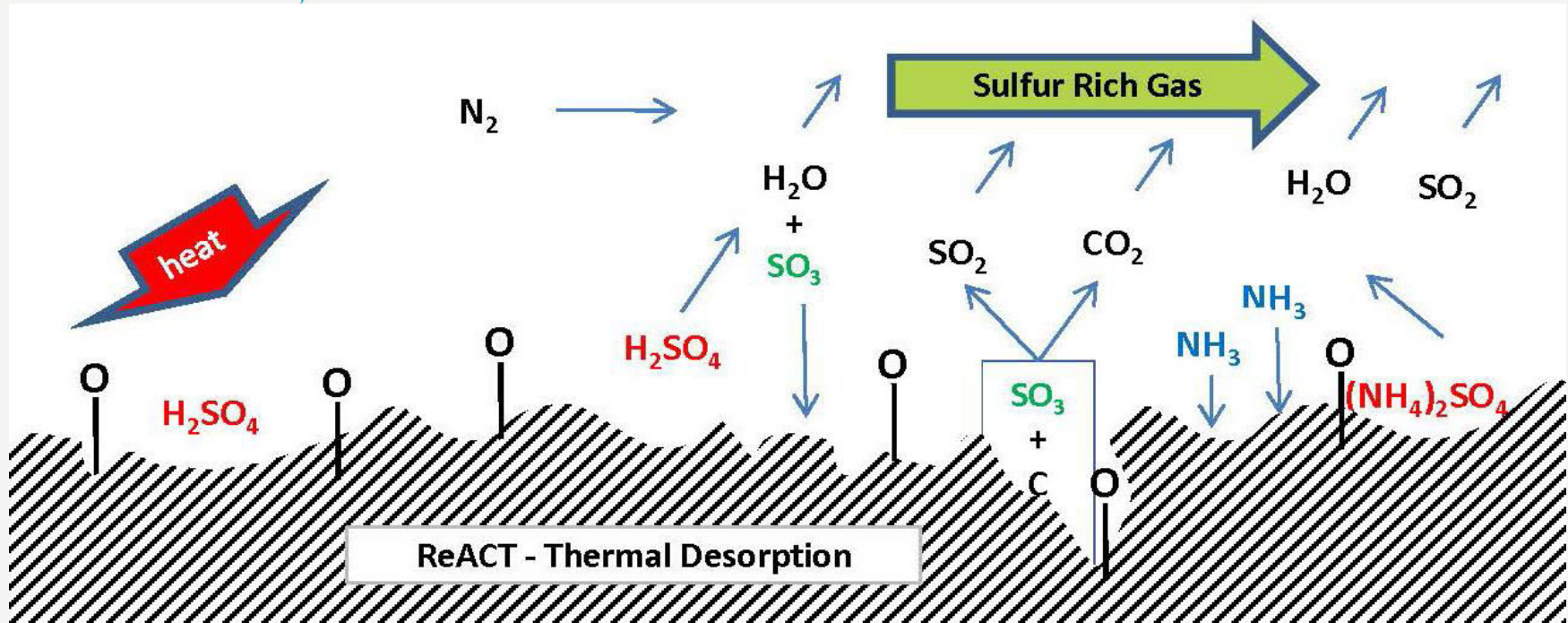
- Contact between flue gas and a slowly moving bed of activated coke, provides mechanisms for efficient adsorption of SO₂ and acid gases and Hg, flyash capture, and surface promoted catalytic and non-catalytic NO_x reduction





- **Physical and chemical adsorption onto activated coke**
 - SO₂ adsorption occurs at surface functional sites which convert SO₂ → SO₃
 - SO₃ + H₂O and O₂ are adsorbed as H₂SO₄.
 - O₂ further restores surface functional sites
 - In the presence of NH₃, SO₂ will be adsorbed as ammonium sulfate (bisulfate)
 - Activated coke also adsorbs all forms of Hg and other acid gases
 - In the presence of NH₃, NO_x is reduced to N₂

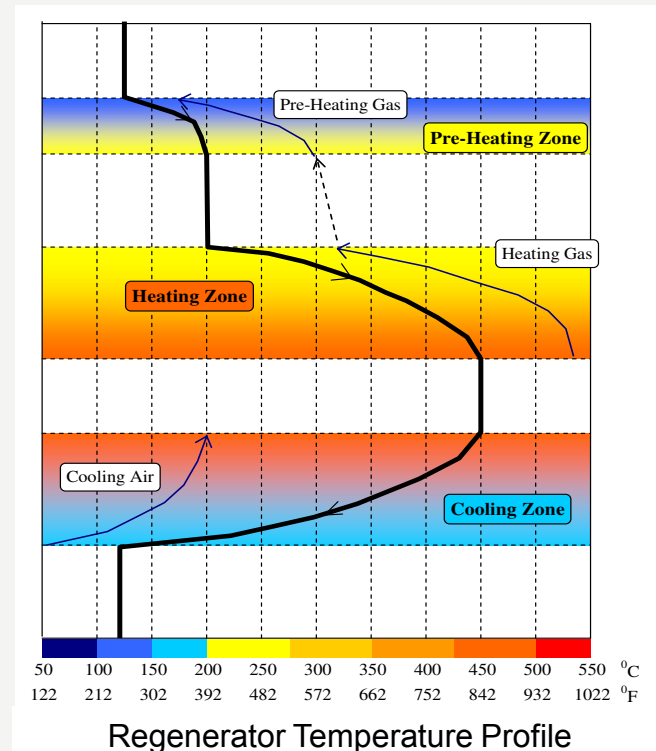
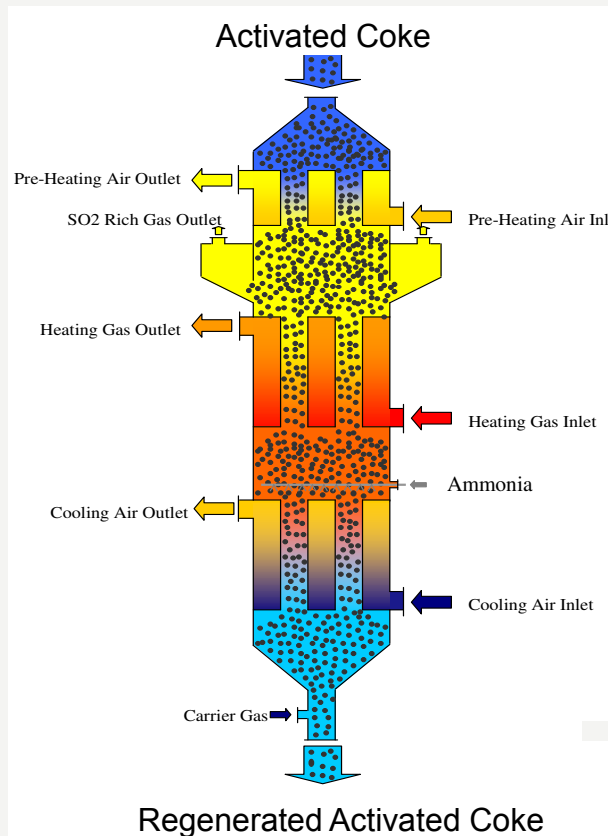




▪ Regeneration of activate coke by thermal desorption under nitrogen atmosphere

- Heat causes the adsorbed species to leave the activated coke surface and decompose.
- H_2SO_4 decomposes to H_2O and SO_3 .
- Ammonium sulfate decomposes to NH_3 and SO_2 .
- NH_3 is re-adsorbed and improves later activity for NO_x reactions
- SO_3 reacts with carbon, creating fresh pore surface and new surface functional groups.
- Sulfur rich gases (~50% H_2O , ~25% SO_2 , ~15% CO_2 , ~10% N_2) are feedstock for acid plant

- An indirect heat exchanger provides thermal regeneration of the activated coke
- Pre-heating, heating and cooling sections operate to a controlled temperature profile
- Concentrated sulfur rich gases are sent to an acid plant
- Regenerated activated coke is screened and returned to the adsorbers



ReACT™ Equipment/Layout Overview



Advanced multi-pollutant control technology



- **Proven large scale utility operation**
 - J-Power Takehara 350MW (1995)
 - J-Power Isogo 2x600MW (2002, 2009)
- **High level performance**
 - Isogo – world class performance
 - Performance recognized by EPRI, IEA...
- **U.S. utility acceptance**
 - EPRI tests at Valmy confirmed high performance
 - U.S. utility fixed bed tests confirmed high performance
 - Wisconsin Public Service – Weston 3
- **Operational advantages include:**
 - No water use
 - No changes needed for upstream equipment, ducting or stack
 - Very high levels of control for SO₂, SO₃, Hg
 - Designs available for a range of NO_x control from 20% to 80%
 - Suited for retrofit or new boiler installation.

Regenerative Activated Coke Technology

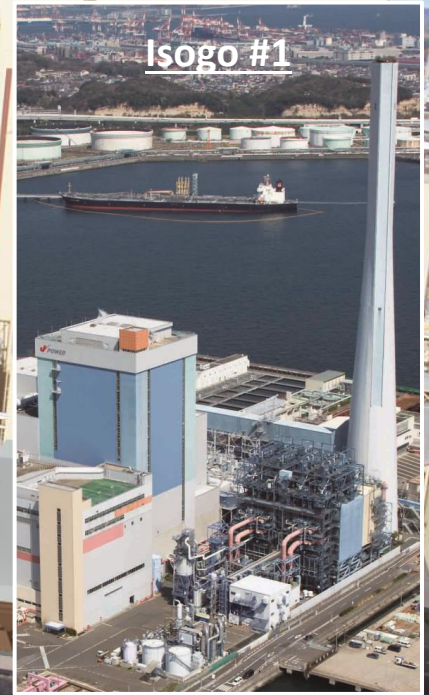
ReACT™

Advanced Integrated Multi-Pollutant Control



Wisconsin Public Service

Weston #3



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